

WP8: Control Room Domain **Energy Control Room**

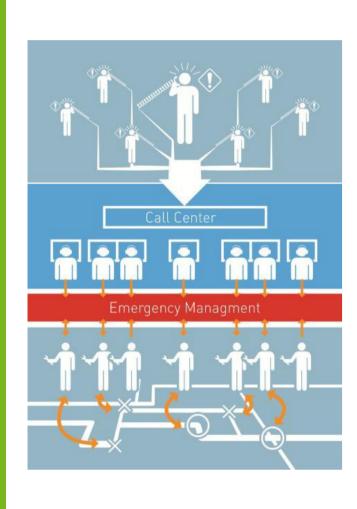


Domain



Motivation

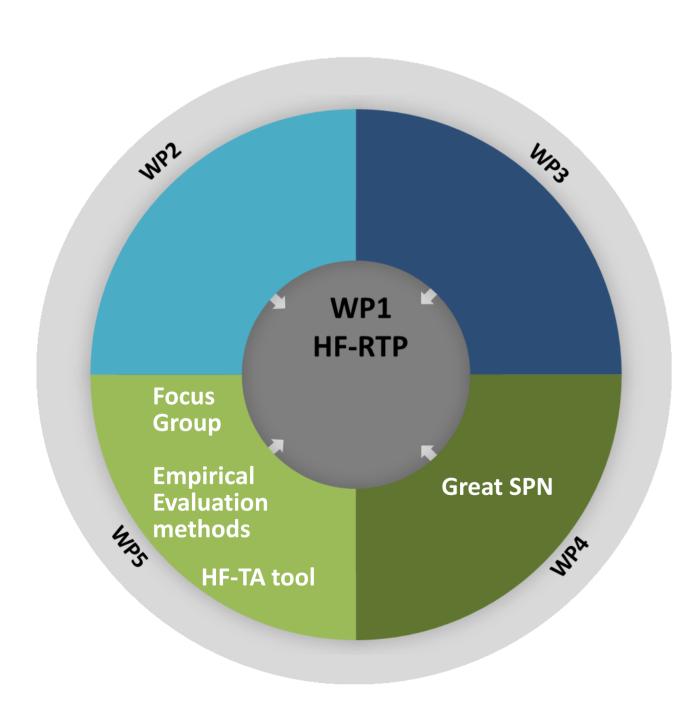
The Control Room of IRN collects energy emergency requests assigns the interventions to the technicians in the field.



As regulated by the Italian Energy Authority for the gas service, IRN must ensure Service Level Agreement (SLA) for the gas: a technician must reach the place of the intervention in 1 hour (in 95% of the calls).

the communication present, between the Control Room operators and the technicians takes place only via phone calls (very time-demanding) and IRN does not use any adaptive system to allocate tasks: the allocation is based on static criteria (i.e. each technician is associated to a specific zone).

Applied NATTE



Evaluation

The aim of the AdCoS developed in HoliDes was to support the operators in the selection of the most suitable technician for the gas service (i.e. the most critical service), in order to:

- 1. Minimize the time to reach the place of the intervention
- 2. Reduce the number of times the operator selects the wrong technician (i.e. when the selected technician is busy and/or too far from the intervention and then he rejects the assignment and passes it to another technician)
- 3. Minimize the out of SLA (i.e. % of times the technician does not reached the place of the intervention in 1 hour)
- 4. Increase usability and acceptability (and, as a consequence, the trust in the solution)

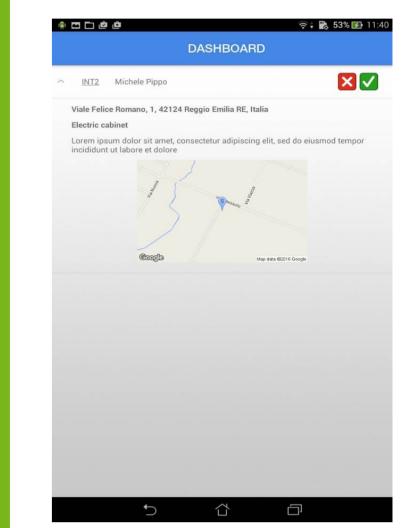
We conducted a 5-day experiment with real operators and technicians to monitor 18 real emergency calls and use the corresponding data to measure 4 objective performance indicators (PIs) of the Control Room with and without the AdCoS (i.e. baseline). We also asked the operators and technicians involved in the experiment to answer a questionnaire (i.e. SUS) to measure the usability of the overall system (i.e. a subjective performance indicator).

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Performance Indicator (PI)	Baseline	AdCoS
Average time to reach the place of the intervention		24 minutes (reduction of 36%)
# of times the operator selected a wrong technician	5 out of 18 (27.8%)	O of out of 18 (0%) The AdCoS always selected the technician that actually performed the intervention
% of out of SLA	, ,	O of out of 18 (0%) With the AdCoS, the Control Room could always guarantee the SLA with the Italian Energy Authority.
Usability and acceptability (SUS score from 0 to 100)		76,5 (out of 100) The improvement on usability was great!

nese Pls highlight the benefits of the HoliDes approach for the ontrol Room. By developing a new adaptive system (i.e. the dCoS) that takes into consideration the real position of the echnicians as well as their actual activities in the field, we could chieve relevant (measurable) benefits for the Control Room, ainly in terms of efficiency of the Control Room and safety for ne general public that notified the gas emergency (due to the eduction of time for the critical interventions).

Final development

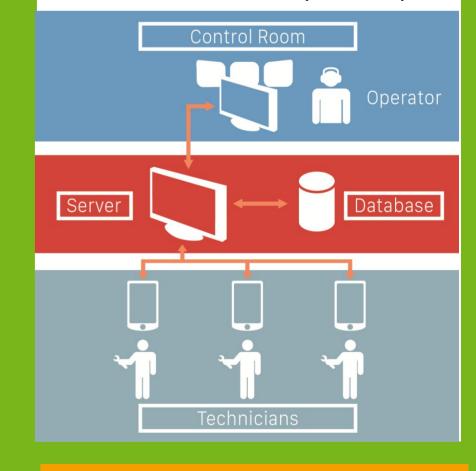
Development of a **fully functional prototype** that automates the selection of appropriate most technicians each intervention and facilitate communication bet-Room ween the Control operators and the technicians in the field.



The AdCoS adapts in realtime to the context (real position of the technicians, of assignment other interventions, etc.) in order to optimize the allocation of the resources and improve the efficiency.

The Energy Control Room AdCoS includes three macro elements:

- with Server the decision algorithm
- an HMI application for Control Room the operators
- an Android app for the field, technicians on installed several on mobile devices (tablets).



Contact

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Acknowledgments











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